# America's New Engagement with Asian Partners: the Proposal of the Indo-Pacific Economic Framework

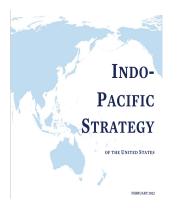
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Indo-Pacific Strategy of the United States  $\bullet \circ \circ \circ$ 

EXPECTATIONS TO THE IPEF 00

Theoretical and Policy Implications o



**Indo-Pacific Economic Framework** (IPEF) is initiated by Joe Biden on October 27, 2021 and further elaborated on February 11, 2022.

The IPEF is a U.S.-led economic framework committing to an Indo-Pacific that is free and open, connected, prosperous, secure, and resilient.

"Partially due to the PRC's coercion and aggression"

Working with allies, ASEAN countries, and Taiwan.

## What's in the IPEF ...?

- Advance a free and open Indo-Pacific
  - $\circ~$  open societies, skies, and SEA
  - $\circ\;$  free from coercion, free press and information
- Build Connections within and beyond the Region
  - With allies, Quad, leading partners (Taiwan here)
  - Tied each other and with the EU and NATO
- Drive Indo-Pacific Prosperity
  - o Benefit by supply chain, infrastructure, information techniques
- Bolster Indo-Pacific Security
  - "opposing efforts to alter territorial boundaries or undermine the rights of sovereign nations at sea."
  - connecting by defensive supply chain and industry
  - civilian security challenges: environmental and natural disasters, terrorism, trafficking
- Build Regional Resilience to 21st-Century Transnational Threats
  - Global warming, pandemic

## How to Achieve...?

- Further economic cooperation
  - Drive new resources to the Indo-Pacific
- Working with countries in the region
  - · Partner to build resilience in the Pacific Islands
  - Strengthen an empowered and unified ASEAn
  - Support India's continued rise and regional leadership
  - Deliver or the Quad
  - Expand US-Japan-ROK cooperation
- US's Leaderships
  - Reinforce deterrence (Taiwan Strait here)
  - Lead an Indo-Pacific economic framework
  - Support good governance and accountability
  - Support open, resilient, secure, and trustworthy technologies

## Comparing the IPEF with other treaties

The IPEF to some degree sounds more like a partnership, which is a new and flexible form of bilateral relations between alignment and alliance since the end of the Cold War.

- Traditional multinational/ bilateral security alliance • NATO, US-Japan alliance
- Traditional multinational / bilateral Trade treaty • WTO, APEC, TPP/CPTPP

#### Expectations from the Inside

- More congressional participation
  - $\circ~$  congressional consultation vs. "traditional trade agreement"
- Strengthen ties with Digital Economic Partnership Agreement (DEPA)
  - lower barriers to digitally-enabled trade, establish nondiscriminatory trade rules, and expand U.S. access to international products that rely on digital technologies
- Credible commitments and binding rules
  - Advance binding rules and hard commitments that go beyond broad principles and goals
- Effective management and transparency
  - Who to in-charge negotiation?
  - Should consult with all stakeholders: labor, businesses, consumers, civil society groups, and the U.S. Congress.

## Expectations from the Outsides

#### Japan

- Welcome but also wish the US to join the TPP (Sankei News, 2022 Feb)
- Australia, New Zealand, Singapore
  - The need for a continued focus on economic resilience. competitiveness, inclusion and sustainability to support prosperity in the region for all our people and businesses.
  - Strengthen efforts to help address shared priorities for countries in the Indo-Pacific region, including enhancing supply chain resilience, promoting infrastructure investment, growing the digital and green economies, towards broadly shared economic prosperity for the region.
- Taiwan
  - Welcome to be the official member

## Theoretical and Policy Implications

- Winners and losers in the free trade deals
  - $\circ\;$  Comparative advantage of industries in the U.S. and Asian countries
- Would partnerships becomes a new form of diplomatic action in the future? or just a diplomatic rhetoric
  - Chang-Liao, "Why Do States Choose Partnerships over Alliances? The Case of China."
  - Chang Liao and Fu, "China and Strategic Partnerships: Introducing the Global Partnership Dataset"
- A counter-strategy to China's partnerships network in Asia?
  - Build upon existing security ties